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APPLICATION NO.	- !	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/015,833	12/12/2001		Calvin A. Saravis	TDT-2	7194	
1473	7590	02/26/2004		EXAMINER		
FISH & N			SAUNDERS, DAVID A			
1251 AVEN		HE AMERICAS		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBE		
NEW YOR	_	0020-1105		1644		

DATE MAILED: 02/26/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	eaus							
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Group Art Unit								
	CAUND	CEJ	1644							
—The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet beneath the correspondence address—										
Period for Reply										
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO	EXPIRE 3	MONTH(S)	FROM THE MAIL	ING DATE						
OF THIS COMMUNICATION.			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
<ul> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).</li> </ul>										
Status	1									
Responsive to communication(s) filed on/ 0/ \	3/03			•						
☐ This action is FINAL.										
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, <b>prosecution as to the merits is closed</b> in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 1 1; 453 O.G. 213.										
Disposition of Claims										
© Claim(s)	is/are p	is/are pending in the application.								
Of the above claim(s) 40 -53	is/are v	is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
☐ Claim(s)		is/are a	is/are allowed.							
□ Claim(s) 1 - 3 9	is/are r	is/are rejected.								
☐ Claim(s)————————————————————————————————————	is/are c	is/are objected to.								
□ Claim(s)	are sub	are subject to restriction or election								
Application Papers	·	require	ment.							
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing F	Review, PTO-948.									
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on is ☐ approved ☐ disapproved.										
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to by the Examiner.										
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.										
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.										
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d)										
<ul> <li>□ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(a)-(d).</li> <li>□ All □ Some* □ None of the CERTIFIED copies of the priority documents have been</li> <li>□ received.</li> </ul>										
<ul> <li>□ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number)</li> <li>□ received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 1 7.2(a)).</li> </ul>										
*Certified copies not received:		_	<u>.</u>							
Attachment(s)										
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s	s) 🗆 In	terview Sumn	nary, PTO-413							
D Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892			nal Patent Applicati	ion, PTO-152						
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948										
Office Action Summary										

Art Unit: 1617

The claims pending are 1-53.

Applicant's election without traverse of Group I (claims 1-34) in Paper filed 10/23/03 is acknowledged.

Claims 1-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claims 1 and 37 recitation of a "naturally-chelating nonimmunogenic polymer" is unclear as to what is meant by "naturally." A first interpretation can be simply that this is any nonimmunogenic polymer, from any source, that by its nature (i.e. as an intrinsic property) has the capability of chelating a metal ion. The fact that "naturally chelating" is expressed as a hyphenated word is consistent with this interpretation. A second interpretation can be that the non-immunogenic polymer is from or is derived from a natural source (e.g. alginates from algae).

In claim 9; it is not clear which of the Markush group members of base claim 7 is being further described. The base claim refers to "aluminum salts." However "aluminum magnesium hydroxide" of claim 9 is not an "aluminum salt" because a "salt" is properly defined as a product formed by reaction of an acid and base.

The term "cold-water fish" in claim 32 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "cold-water fish" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. Applicant's

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disclosure sets forth no temperature limit according to which one may determine if the fish is found in "cold-water" or in "warm-water".)

In claim 38 "is depotized" is unclear. Is applicant claiming the composition after it has been injected and become "depotized" in an animal? Is applicant referring to a property of the composition? If the latter, then applicant may recite – becomes depotized upon immunization – in lieu of "is depotized."

In claim 39 "dynamically bound by a plurality of chelators" is unclear. Does this mean that the metal ion exchanges between several different chelating moieties within the nonimmunogenic polymer? Does it mean that there are one or more chelators, other than those of non-immunogenic polymer, present (e.g. as in claims 21-22)?

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-3, 10-12, 34-35 and 37-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bowersock et al (5,674,495).

Bowersock et al (495) teach immunogenic compositions comprising alginate particles containing antigen. The alginate component is cross-linked by a metallic cation (calcium). These compositions ion optionally be administered with an adjuvant (col. 5

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lines 59+). Such compositions employing CT as adjuvant are shown in Tables 2 and 5-6. From the above teachings, instant claims 1-3, 10, 34 and 37 are clearly anticipated. Note that "comprising" language of instant claims any opens their scope to include any additional components taught by Bowersock et al.

Regarding dependent claims 11-12, Bowersock et al teach particle diameters of 1 to 100 microns (col. 5, lines 1+). This overlaps applicant's range of 50 to 250 microns.

For instant claim 35, note col. 5, lines 56+.

Regarding instant claim 38, Bowersock et al teach that their microparticles become preferentially absorbed (depotized) in Peyer's patches upon oral administration. See col. 5, lines 1-12 and Example 2.

Claims 1-4, 10, 34 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Bowersock et al (6,656,470).

Bowersock et al ('470), like Bowersock et al ('495) cited supra, teach immunogenic compositions containing cross-linked alginate microparticles and an adjuvant. They particularly teach use of mucosal adjuvant (col. 11, lines 13+). Bowersock et al ('470) teach that their alginate microparticles are cross-linked with a combination of two metallic cations listed at col. 3, lines 16+ and col. 24, lines 1+. These include metal ions recited in instant claim 4. From the above it is clear that instant claims 1-4, 10, 34 and 37 are anticipated.

Claims 1-4, 10-12, 34 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gombotz et al (5,900,238).

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Gombotz et al teach immunogenic compositions containing cross-linked alginate

mircoparticles and, optionally, an adjuvant (col. 9, line 65-col. 10, line 8). The cross-

linking cation can be strontium (col. 2, lines 65-67; col. 7, lines 65-67). As such instant

claims 1-4, 10, 34 and 37 are clearly anticipated.

Regarding instant claims 11-12, the diameter range of 0.5-100 microns (col. 8,

lines 46-48) is consistent with the 50-250 micron range instantly recited.

Claims 1 and 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Gombotz et al in view of Vogel et al.

Gombotz et al have been cited supra against claim1. Since they point (col. 9,

lines 4-8) merely to a compendium of vaccine adjuvants known in the art (Vogel et al.),

it is taken that any of the art standard adjuvant of instant claims 7-8 would have been

combined with the alginate microparticles of Gombotz et al. See Vogel et al at page

162 for CFA.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to David Saunders whose telephone number is (571) 272-

0849. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday from 8 AM to

5:30 PM and on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Christina Chan can be reached on (571) 272-0841. Any inquiry of a general

nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the

receptionist whose telephone number is (571)-272-0507.

DAVID SAUNDERS
PRIMARY EXAMINER

Saunders/LR February 19, 2004 Page 5